

Where can you cycle?

Roads with mixed traffic

You may cycle on the roadway, but must follow the same rules as other traffic.

As a cyclist, you are less visible than cars and more exposed to accidents. Do not take risks!

Roads with integrated cycle lanes

The cycle lane is marked with signs and road markings. You should use the cycle lane on the right side of the road. When exiting the cycle lane, you must give way to vehicles in the lane you are entering.



Pedestrian/cycle paths

A pedestrian and cycle path is a separate path for both pedestrians and cyclists. You should cycle on the right side of the path. Take into account that pedestrians may use both sides, and ring your bell if required, to alert them to your presence. Adjust your speed.



Cycle routes

A cycle route is a separate road for cyclists only, and you can cycle in both directions.



Public transport lanes

You may cycle in public transport lanes.

Pavements

You may cycle on the pavement when traffic is light and your cycling does not endanger or impede pedestrians.

Exceptions are motorways and where cycling is banned by sign

You may **not** cycle on motorways or roads where cycling is banned by sign.



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Smart cyclists

- are visible in traffic
- give clear signals
- seek eye contact with other road users
- listen to the traffic
- wait for green light
- give pedestrians the right of way on the pavement
- use lights in the dark
- wear helmets
- give way as required

Further information:
vegvesen.no/syklist

Getting there safely, together



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How should you cycle?

Traffic rules for cyclists



Getting there safely, together

Rules for giving way

If you cycle on the roadway or in a cycle lane, you must observe the rules that apply to vehicles:

- Give way to traffic from the right («the right-hand rule»).
- Give way if you are entering a priority road.
- You do not have to give way when cycling on a priority road.

If you are cycling on a cycle route, pedestrian and cycle path, or pavement:

- Always give way when you are about to cross or enter another road.
- You do not have to give way when crossing a driveway.

Traffic lights

Traffic lights at an intersection take priority over the right-hand rule. You must observe the traffic light for the lane you are cycling in. If the traffic lights are inoperative, the give-way sign or the right-hand rule will apply.

Changing lanes

If you wish to change lanes, or otherwise move across the direction of traffic, you must give way to vehicles in the lane you are entering or crossing.

Cycling in roundabouts

When you cycle into a roundabout, you must give way to vehicles that are in the roundabout.

Turning left at an intersection

Minor left turn means that you turn left at the intersection in the same way as other vehicles.

Major left turn means that you cycle straight ahead until you arrive at the other side of the intersection, and check if the road is clear, before you turn left on the crossroad.

You must give way when you are about to turn left and find oncoming vehicles on your right side.



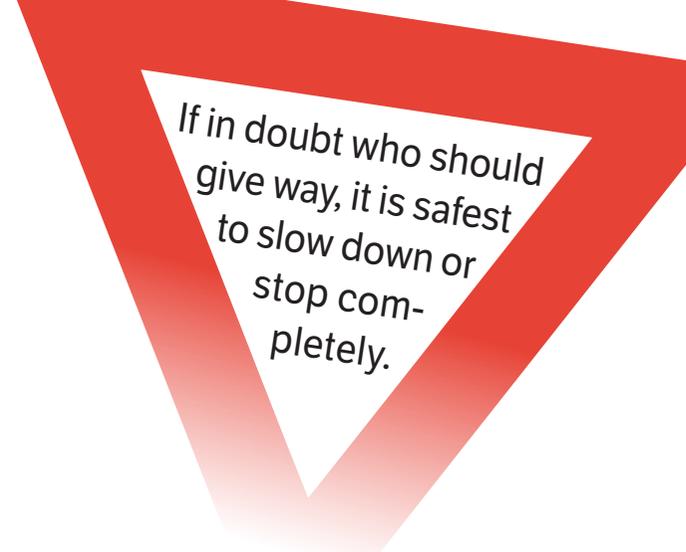
Vehicles must give way to cyclists on a priority road.



Vehicles entering the road from a driveway must give way to cyclists.



Vehicles coming from a driveway must also give way to cyclists on the pedestrian and cycle path.



Cyclists must give way to traffic from the right.



Cyclists coming from a cycle route, pedestrian and cycle path or pavement must give way when crossing a road.